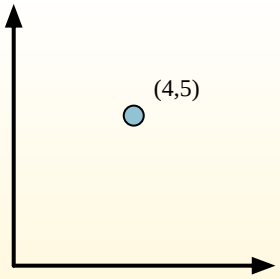
Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



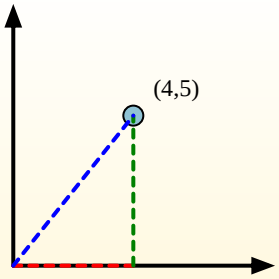
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

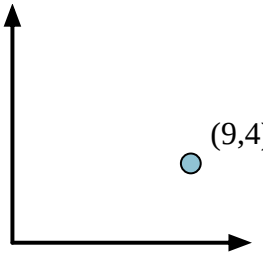
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

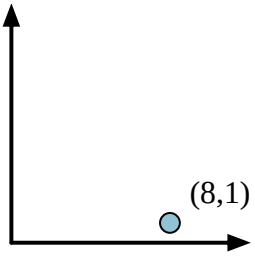
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



1)



2)



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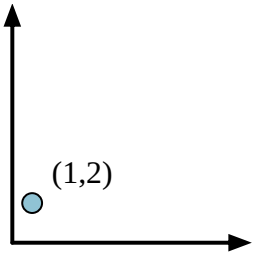
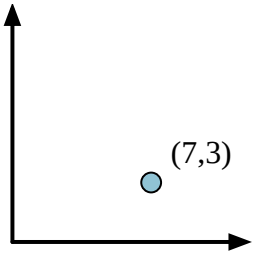
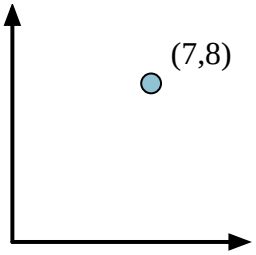


4)



5)



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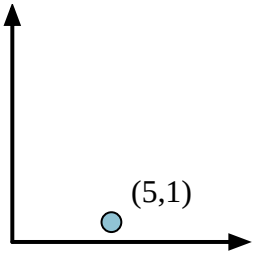

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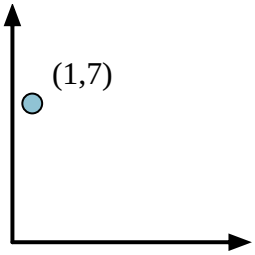

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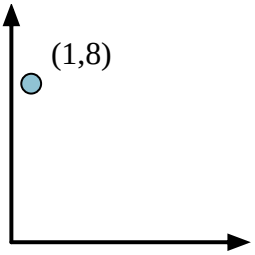

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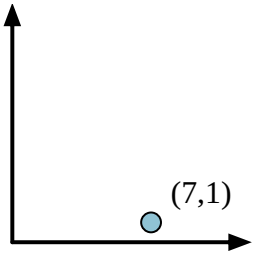

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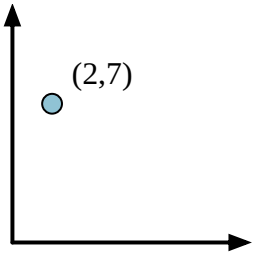

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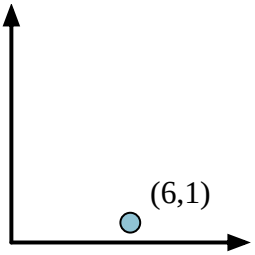
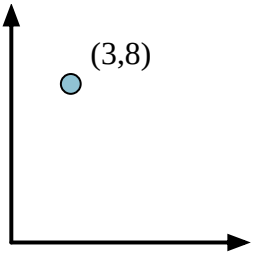


12)



Respuestas

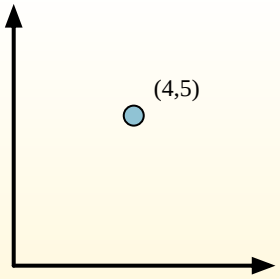
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre: **Clave De Respuestas**

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



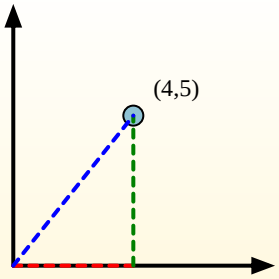
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

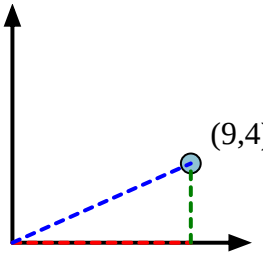
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

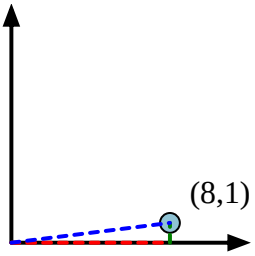
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



1)



2)



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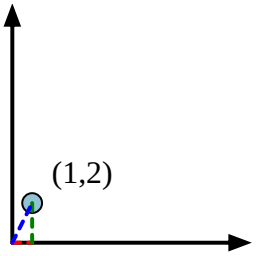
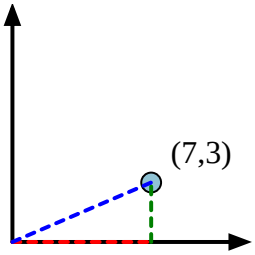
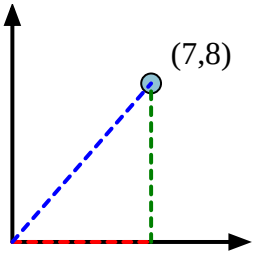


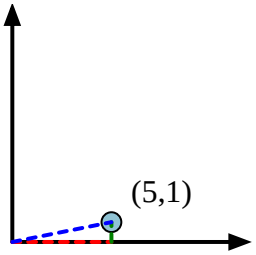
4)



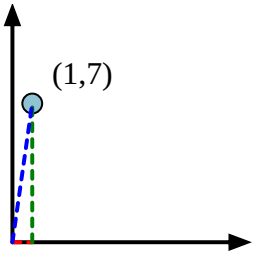
5)



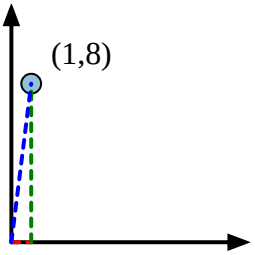
6)



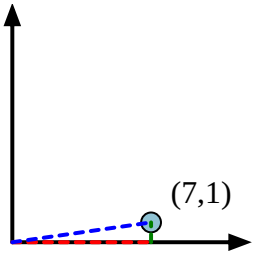
7)



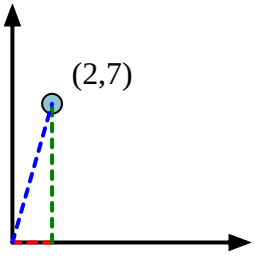
8)



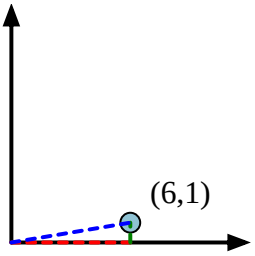
9)



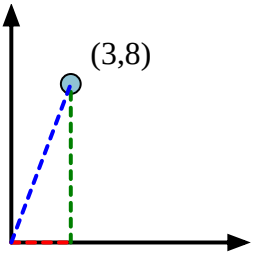
10)



11)



12)



Respuestas

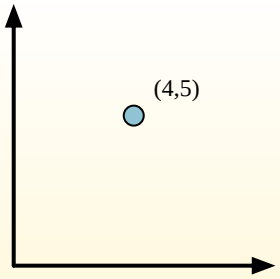
1. **23.96**
2. **7.13**
3. **63.43**
4. **23.20**
5. **48.81**
6. **11.31**
7. **81.87**
8. **82.87**
9. **8.13**
10. **74.05**
11. **9.46**
12. **69.44**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



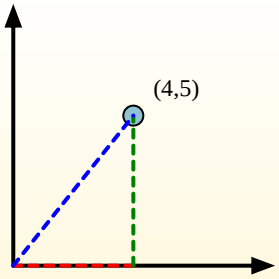
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

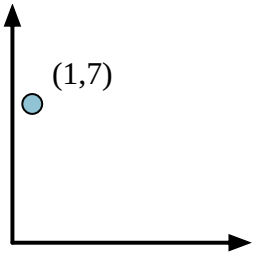
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

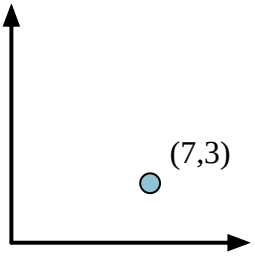
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



1)



2)



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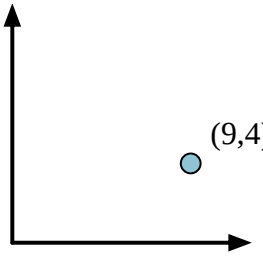
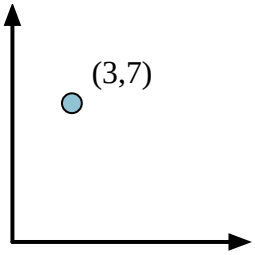
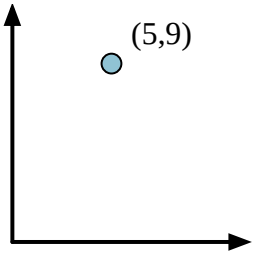


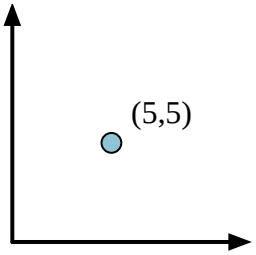
4)



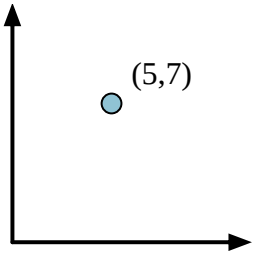
5)



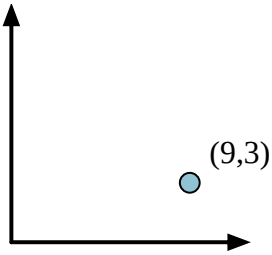
6)



7)



8)



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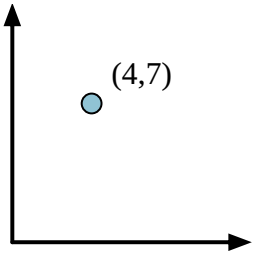
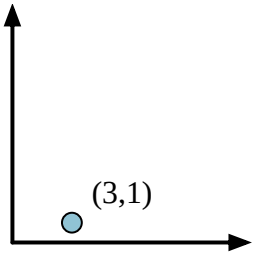
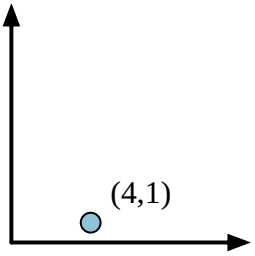


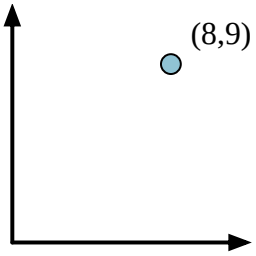
10)



11)



12)

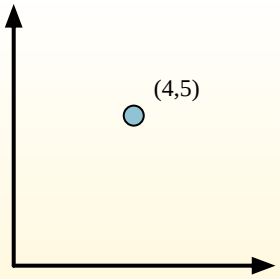


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



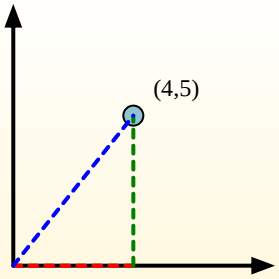
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

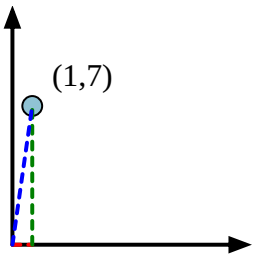
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

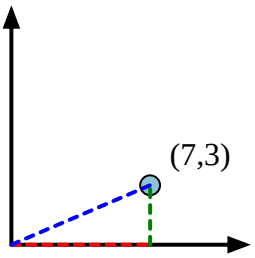
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



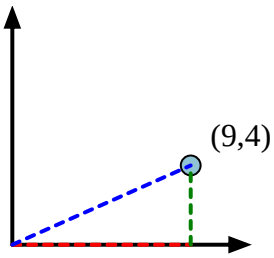
1)



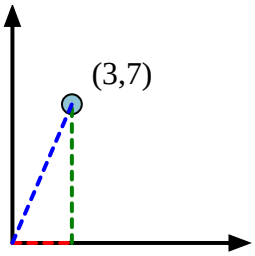
2)



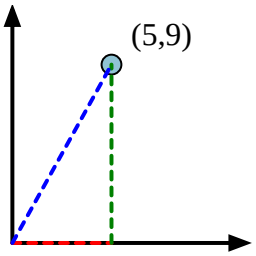
3)



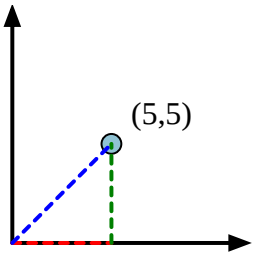
4)



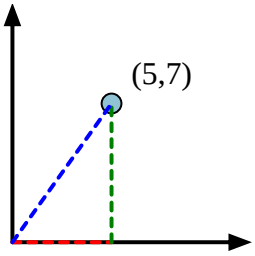
5)



6)



7)



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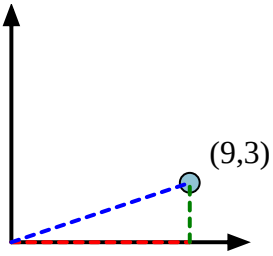

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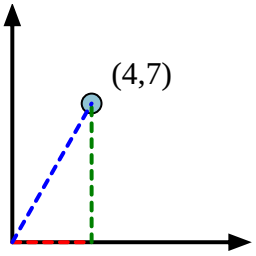
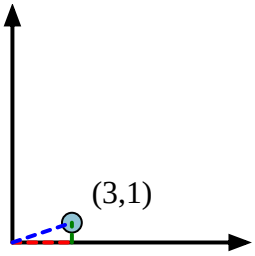
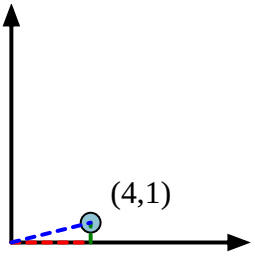


10)



11)



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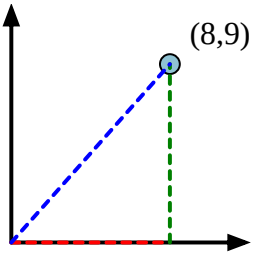


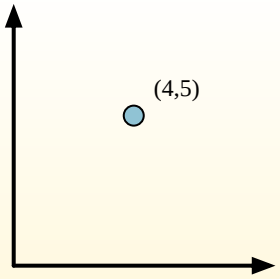
Respuestas

1. **81.87**
2. **23.20**
3. **23.96**
4. **66.80**
5. **60.95**
6. **45.00**
7. **54.46**
8. **18.43**
9. **60.26**
10. **18.43**
11. **14.04**
12. **48.37**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



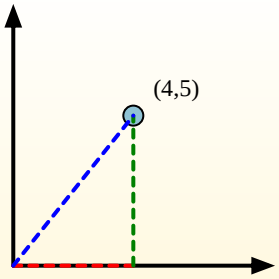
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

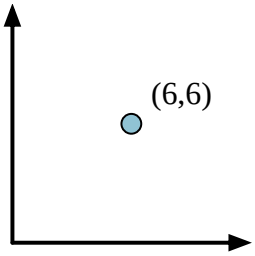
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

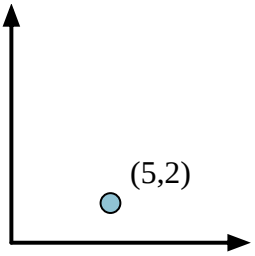
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



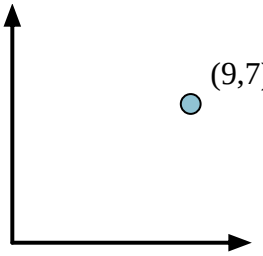
1)



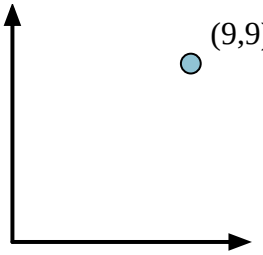
2)



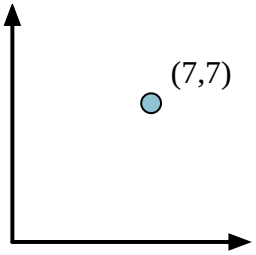
3)



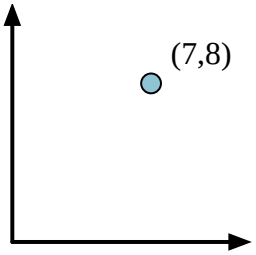
4)



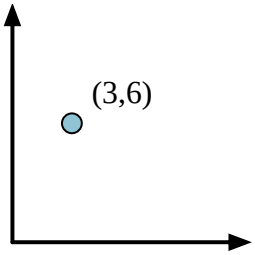
5)



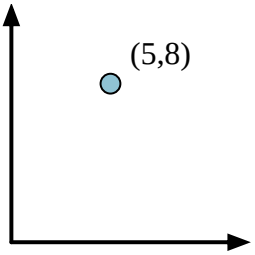
6)



7)



8)



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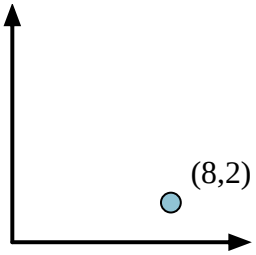
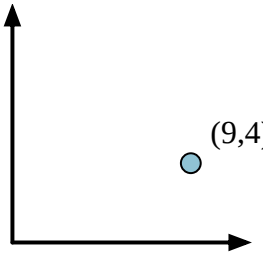
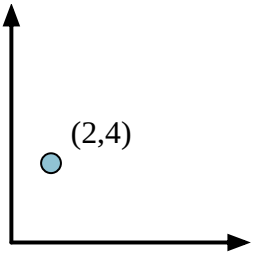


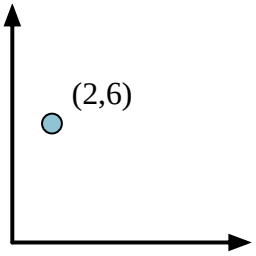
10)



11)



12)

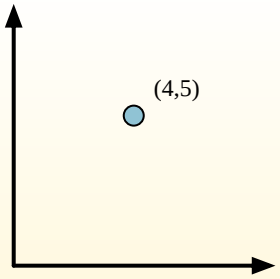


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



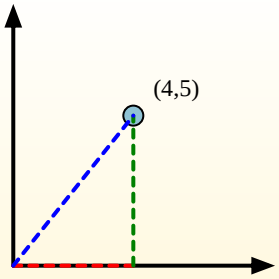
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

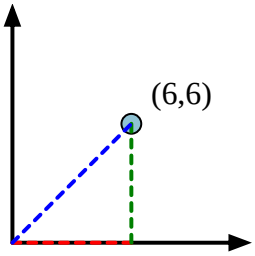
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

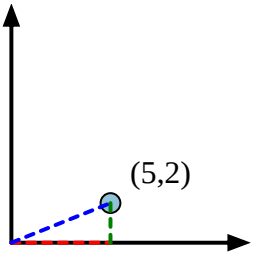
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



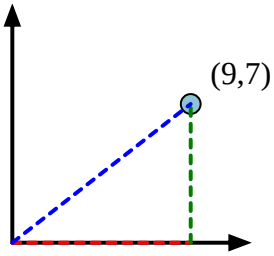
1)



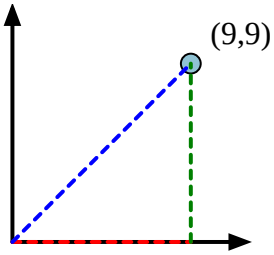
2)



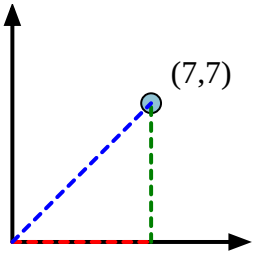
3)



4)



5)



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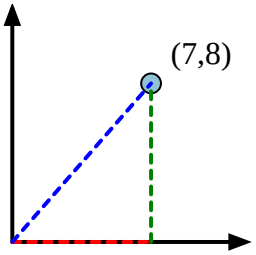
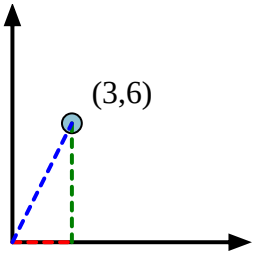
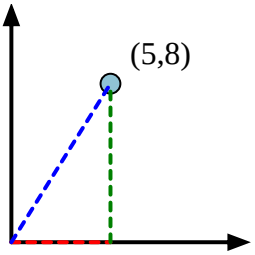


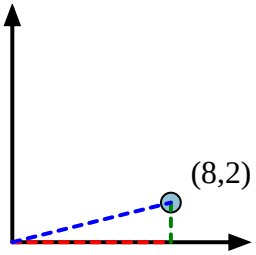
7)



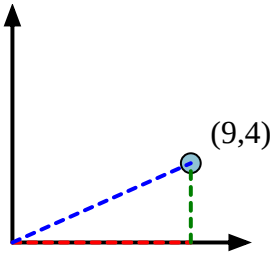
8)



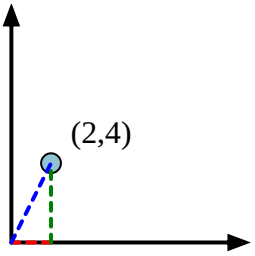
9)



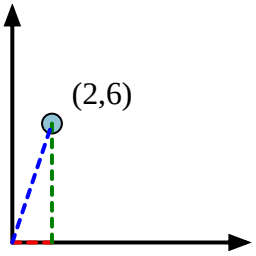
10)



11)



12)



Respuestas

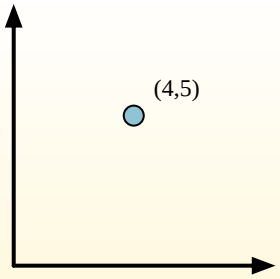
1. **45.00**
2. **21.80**
3. **37.87**
4. **45.00**
5. **45.00**
6. **48.81**
7. **63.43**
8. **57.99**
9. **14.04**
10. **23.96**
11. **63.43**
12. **71.57**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



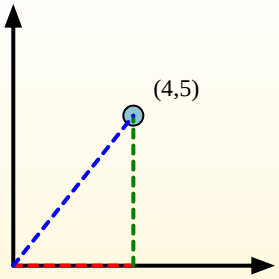
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

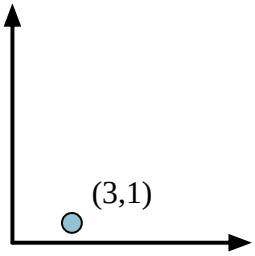
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

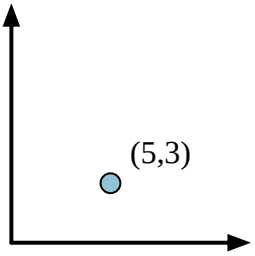
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



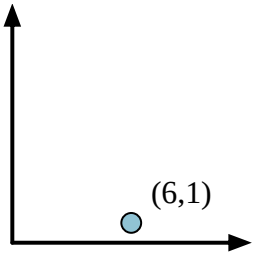
1)



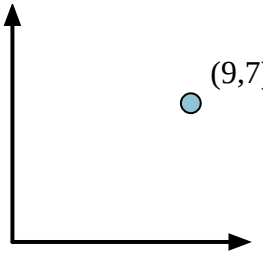
2)



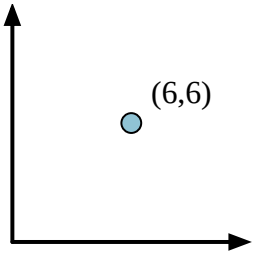
3)



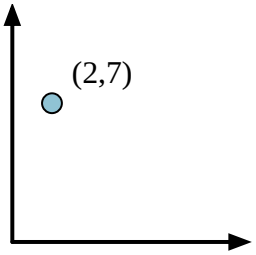
4)



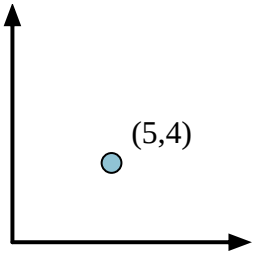
5)



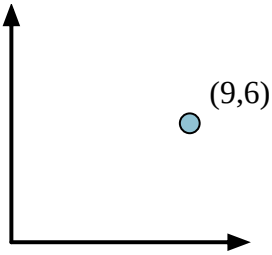
6)



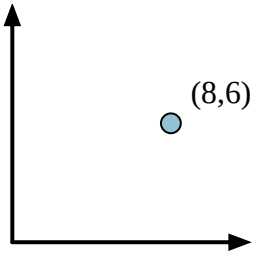
7)



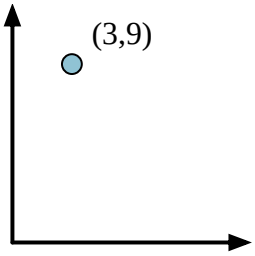
8)



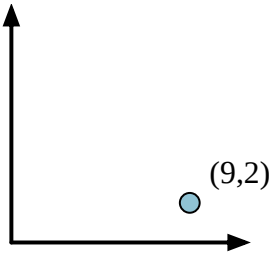
9)



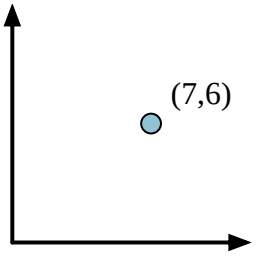
10)



11)



12)

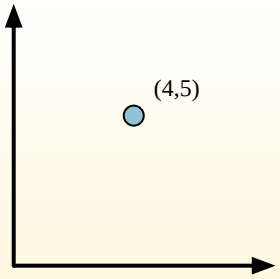


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



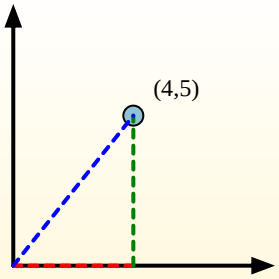
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

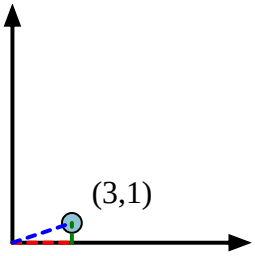
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



1)



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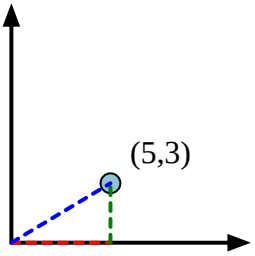

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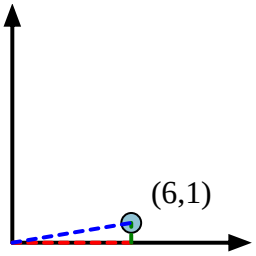

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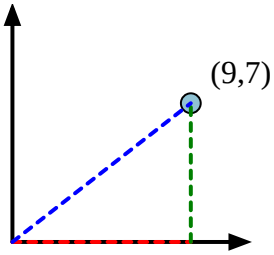

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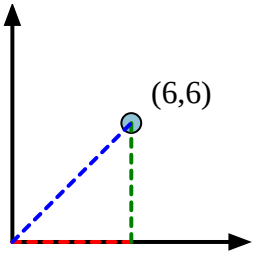

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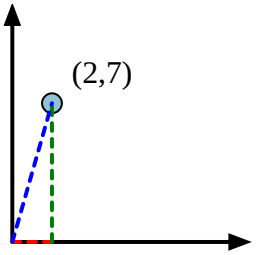

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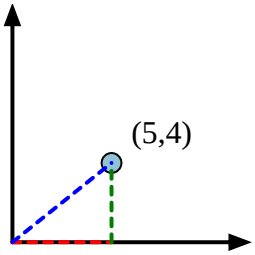

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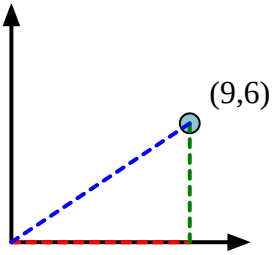

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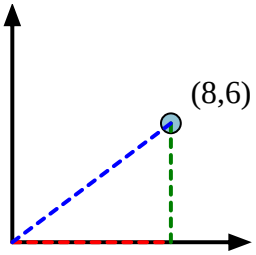

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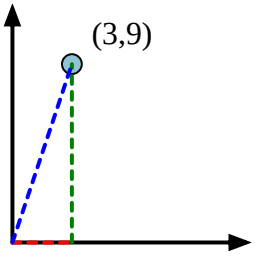

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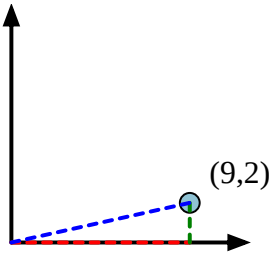

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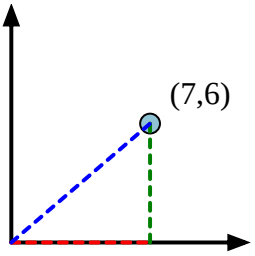


Respuestas

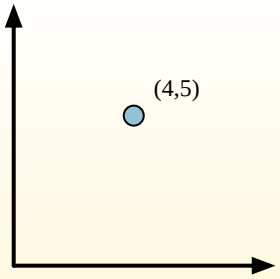
1. **18.43**
2. **30.96**
3. **9.46**
4. **37.87**
5. **45.00**
6. **74.05**
7. **38.66**
8. **33.69**
9. **36.87**
10. **71.57**
11. **12.53**
12. **40.60**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



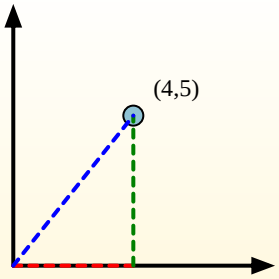
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

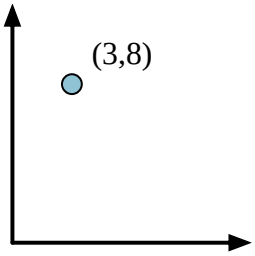
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



1)



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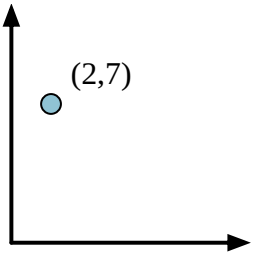

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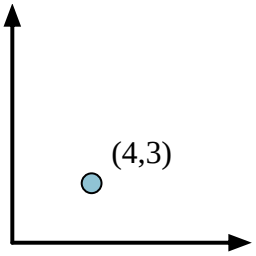

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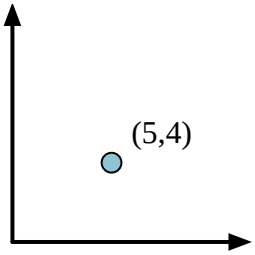

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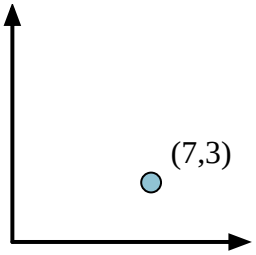

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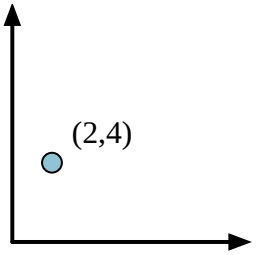

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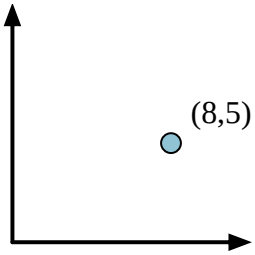

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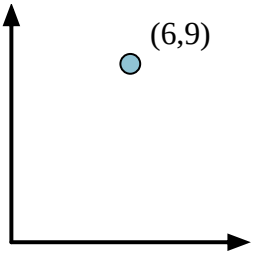

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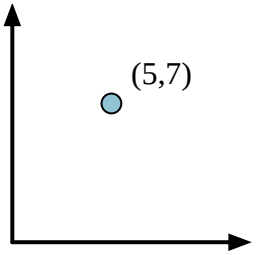

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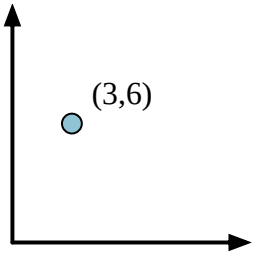

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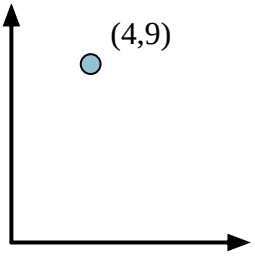

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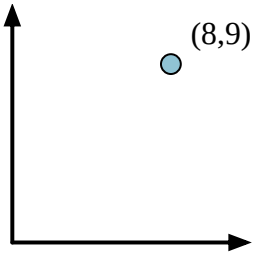
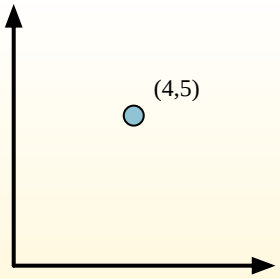


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

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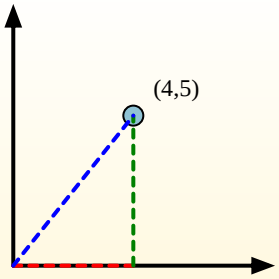
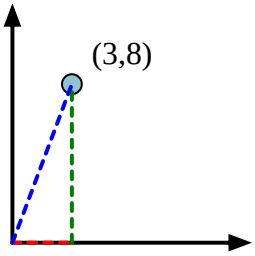
Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



1)



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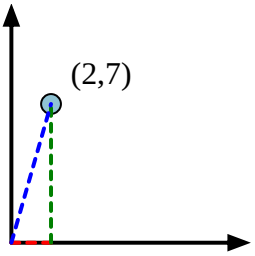

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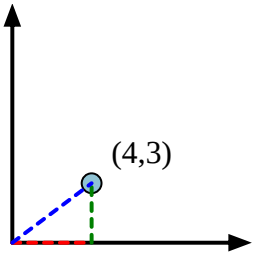
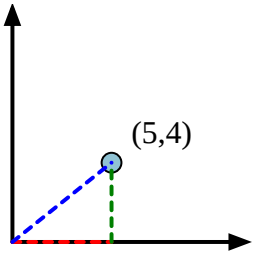


4)



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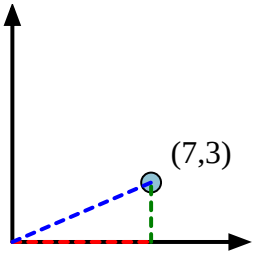

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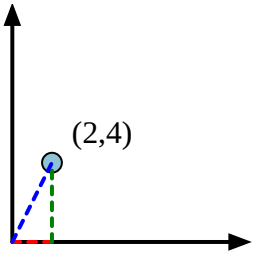

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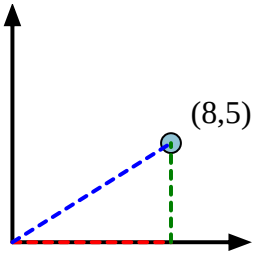

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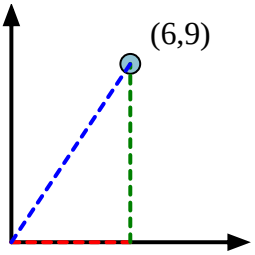

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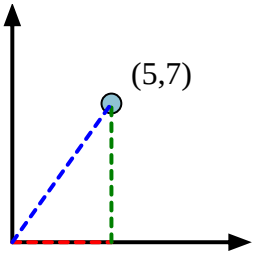

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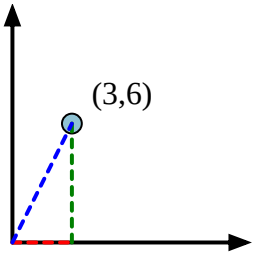
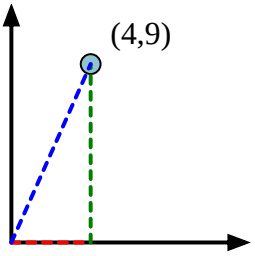
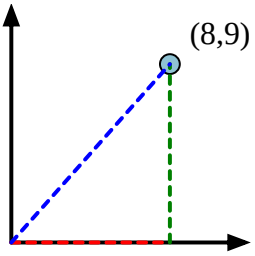


11)



12)

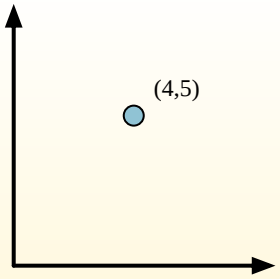


Respuestas

1. **69.44**
2. **74.05**
3. **36.87**
4. **38.66**
5. **23.20**
6. **63.43**
7. **32.01**
8. **56.31**
9. **54.46**
10. **63.43**
11. **66.04**
12. **48.37**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



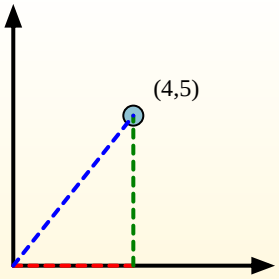
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

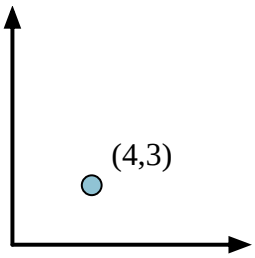
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

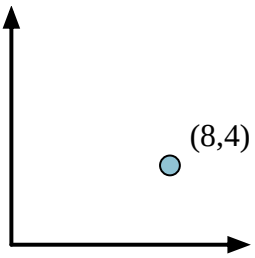
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



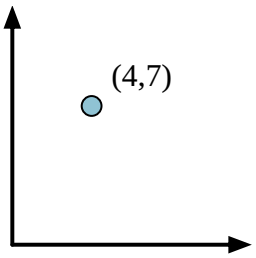
1)



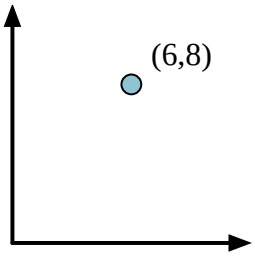
2)



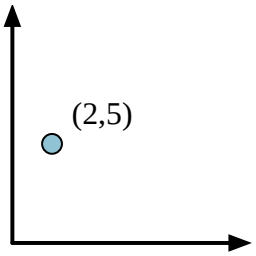
3)



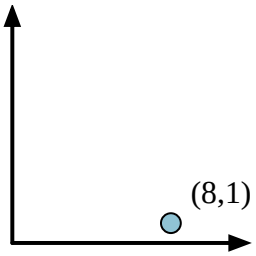
4)



5)



6)



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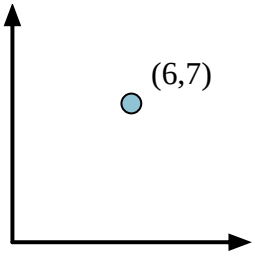

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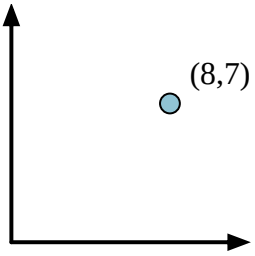

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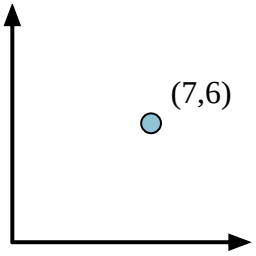

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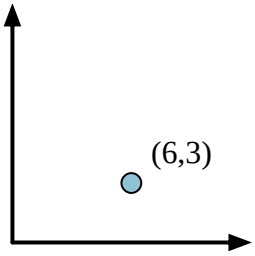

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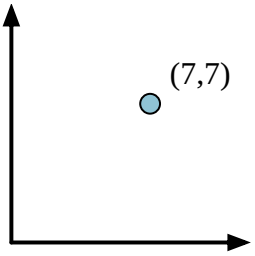
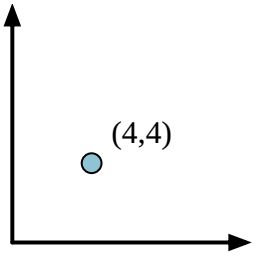


12)

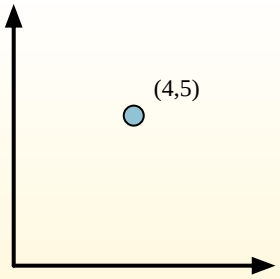


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



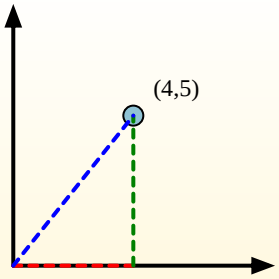
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

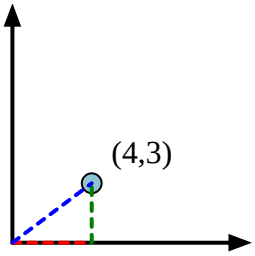
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



1)



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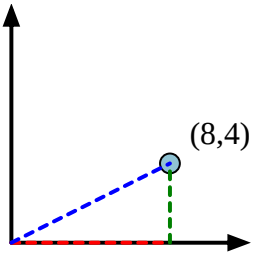

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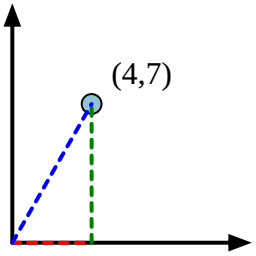

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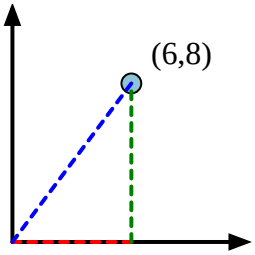

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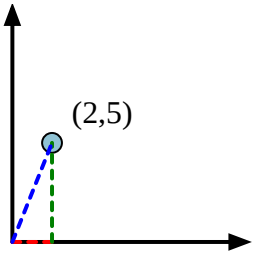
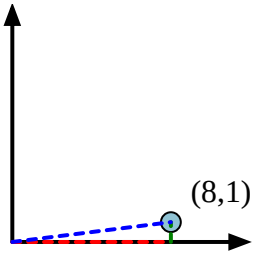
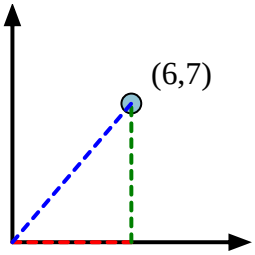


6)



7)



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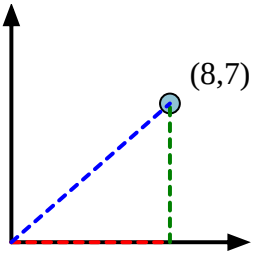

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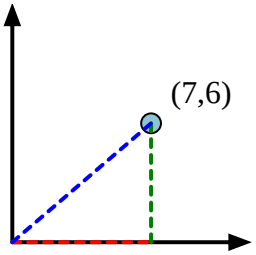
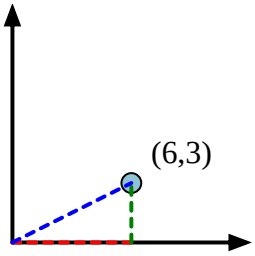
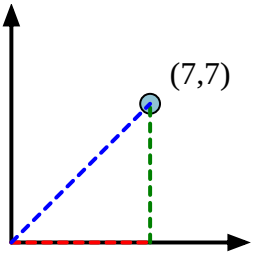


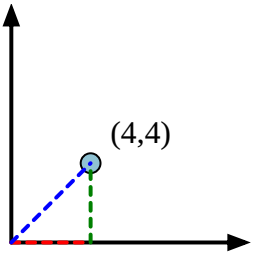
10)



11)



12)



Respuestas

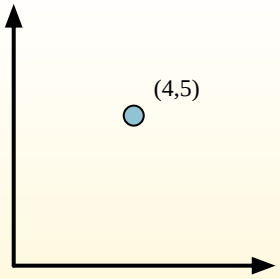
1. **36.87**
2. **26.57**
3. **60.26**
4. **53.13**
5. **68.20**
6. **7.13**
7. **49.40**
8. **41.19**
9. **40.60**
10. **26.57**
11. **45.00**
12. **45.00**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



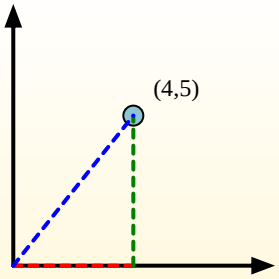
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

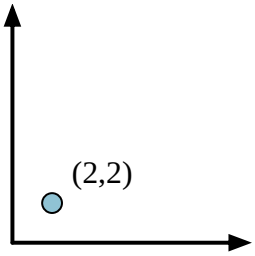
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

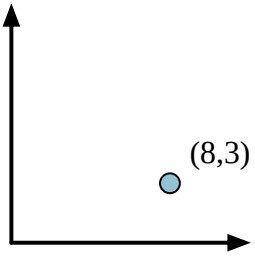
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



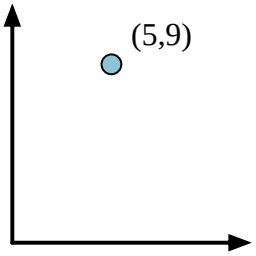
1)



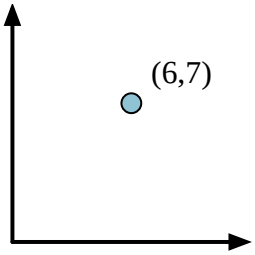
2)



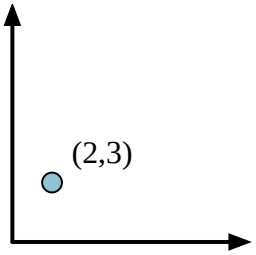
3)



4)



5)



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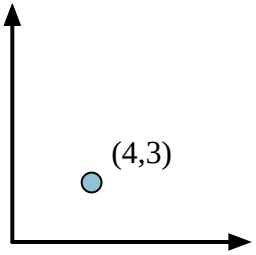
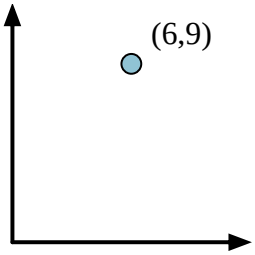
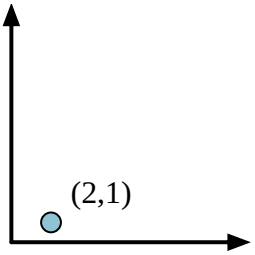


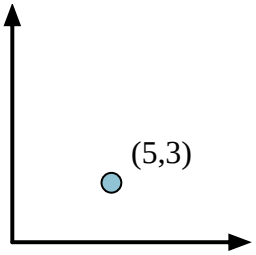
7)



8)



9)



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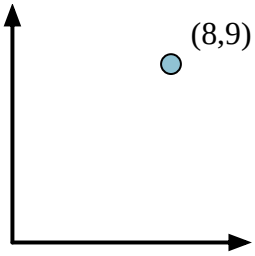
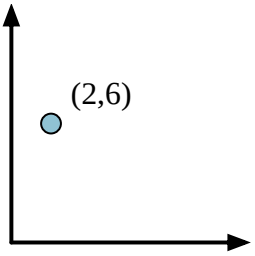
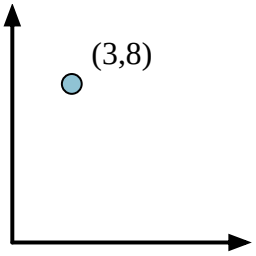


11)



12)

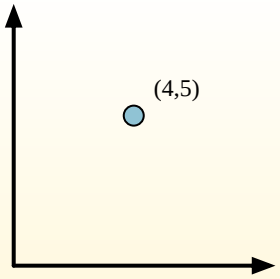


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



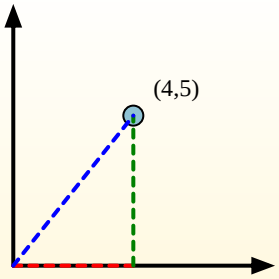
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

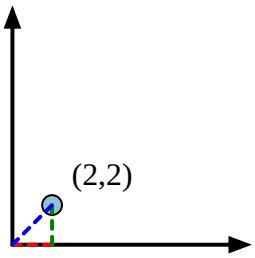
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

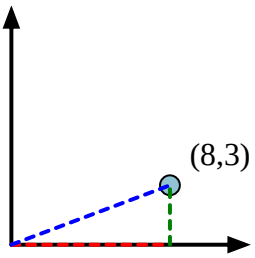
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



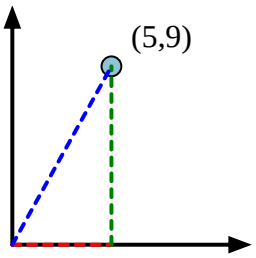
1)



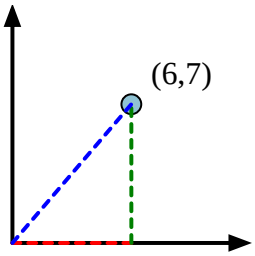
2)



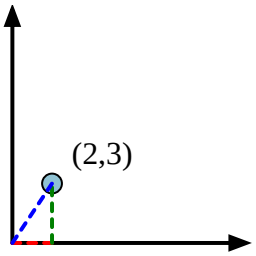
3)



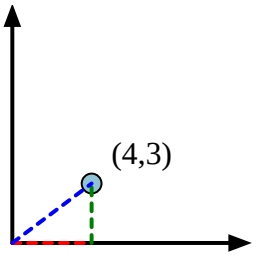
4)



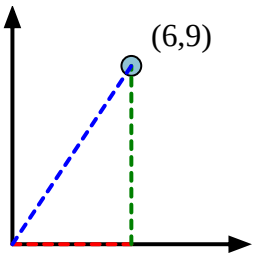
5)



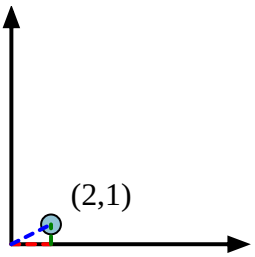
6)



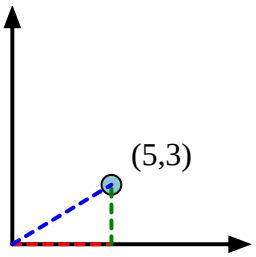
7)



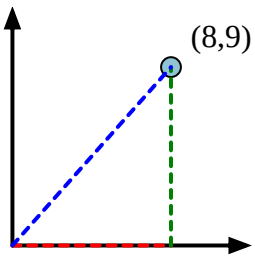
8)



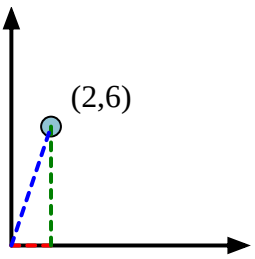
9)



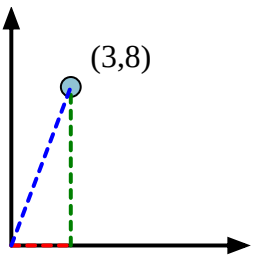
10)



11)



12)



Respuestas

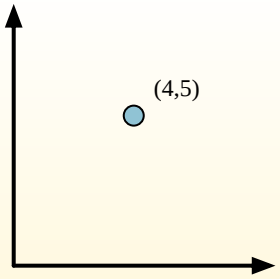
1. **45.00**
2. **20.56**
3. **60.95**
4. **49.40**
5. **56.31**
6. **36.87**
7. **56.31**
8. **26.57**
9. **30.96**
10. **48.37**
11. **71.57**
12. **69.44**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos

Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



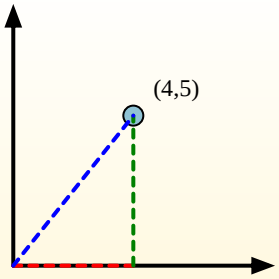
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

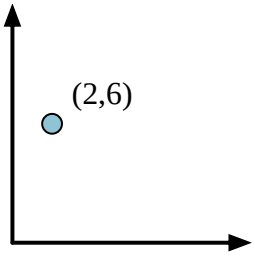
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

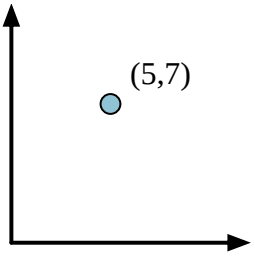
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



1)



2)



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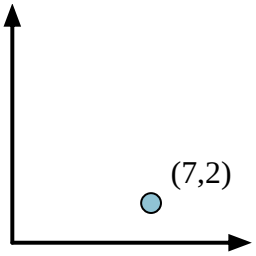

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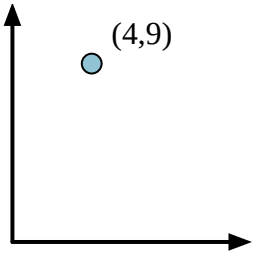

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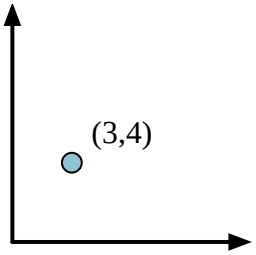

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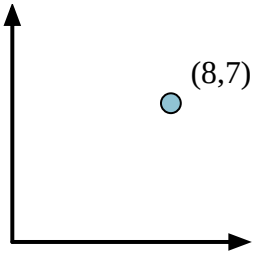

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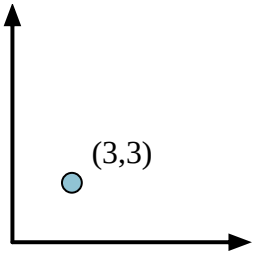

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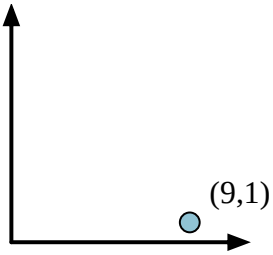

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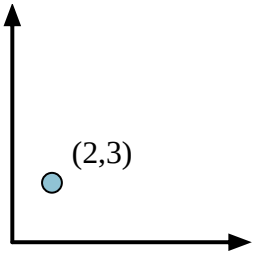

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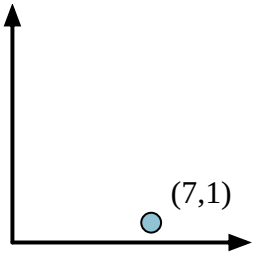

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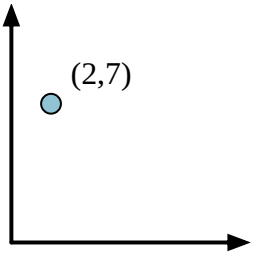
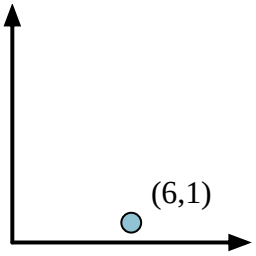


12)

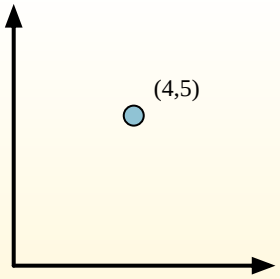


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



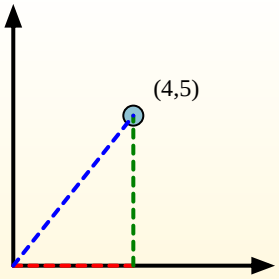
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

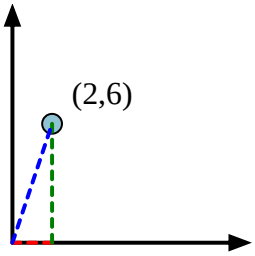
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



1)



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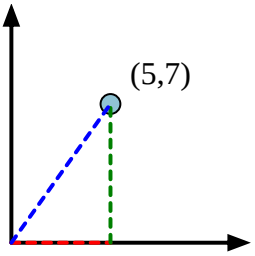

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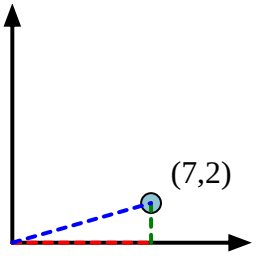
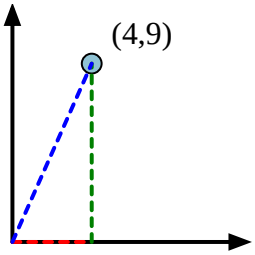
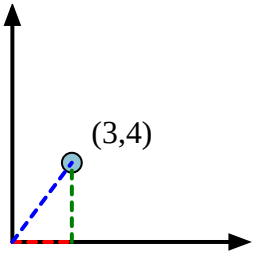


4)



5)



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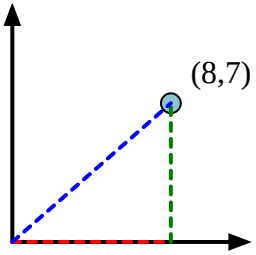

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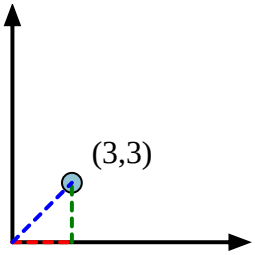

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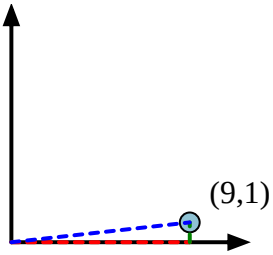
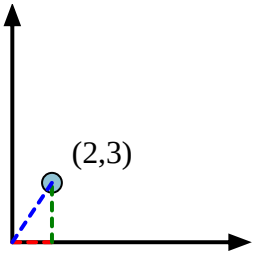


9)



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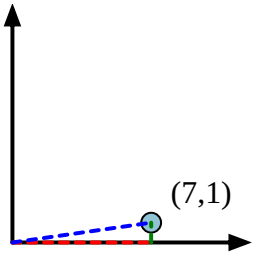
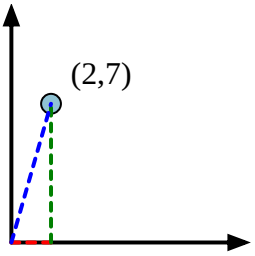
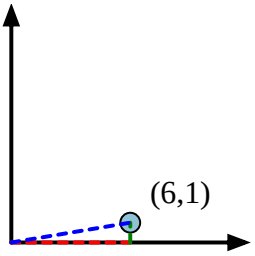


11)



12)



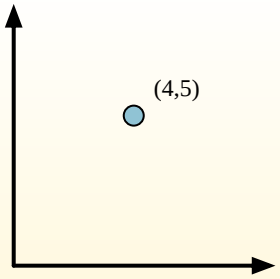
Respuestas

1. **71.57**
2. **54.46**
3. **15.95**
4. **66.04**
5. **53.13**
6. **41.19**
7. **45.00**
8. **6.34**
9. **56.31**
10. **8.13**
11. **74.05**
12. **9.46**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



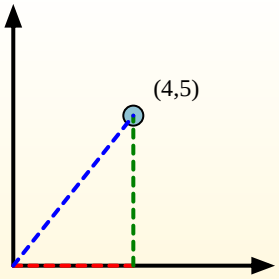
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

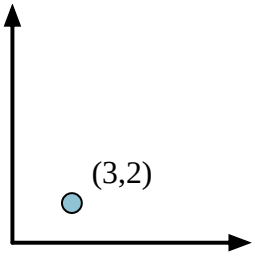
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

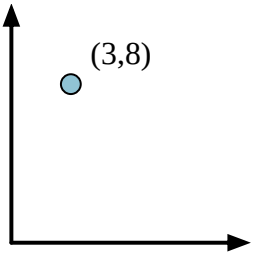
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



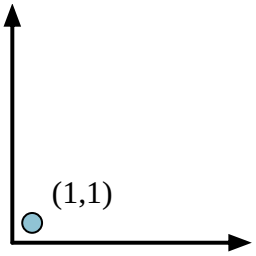
1)



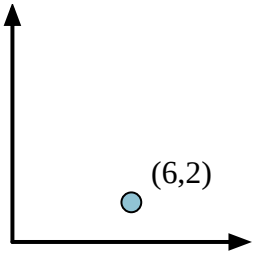
2)



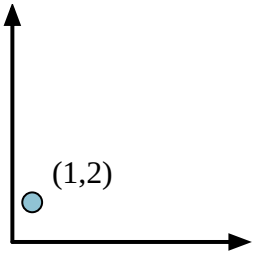
3)



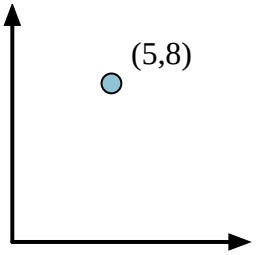
4)



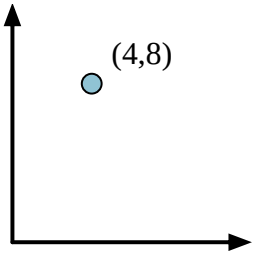
5)



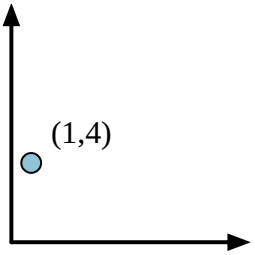
6)



7)



8)



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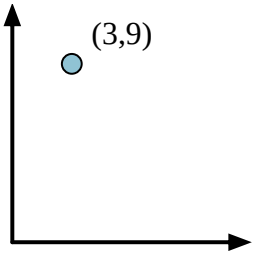

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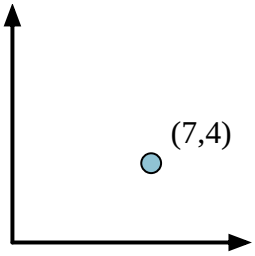
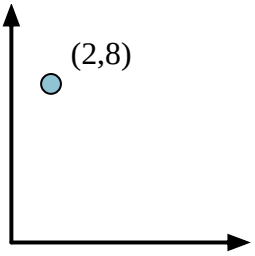
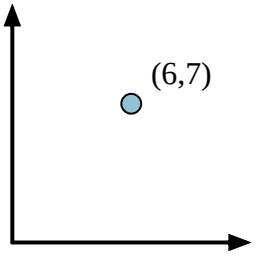


11)



12)

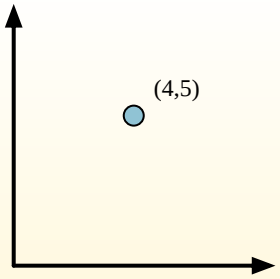


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



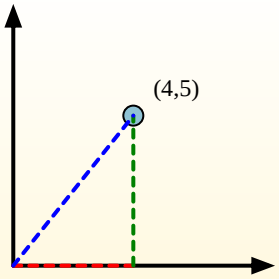
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

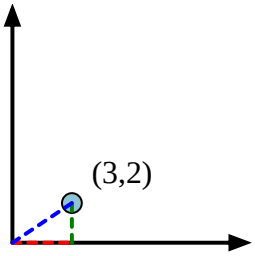
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

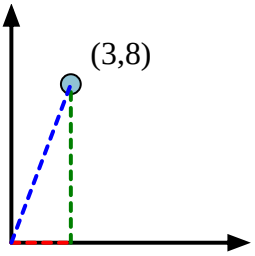
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



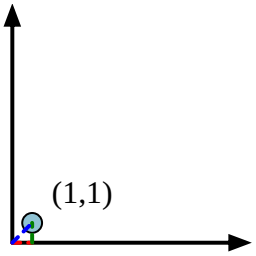
1)



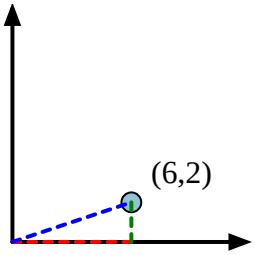
2)



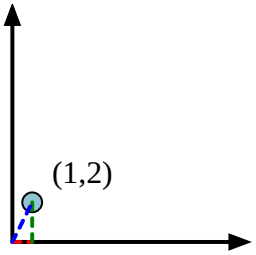
3)



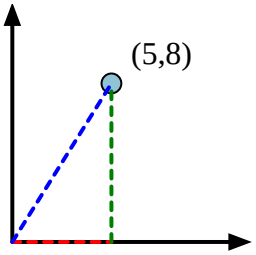
4)



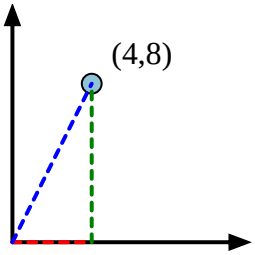
5)



6)



7)



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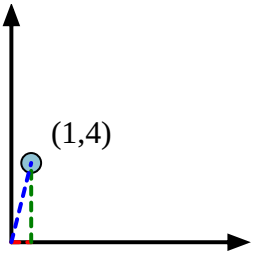
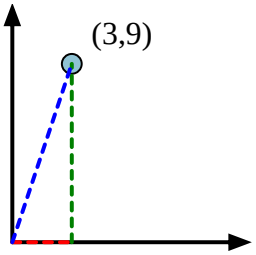


9)



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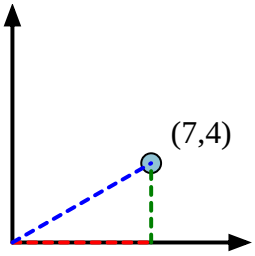

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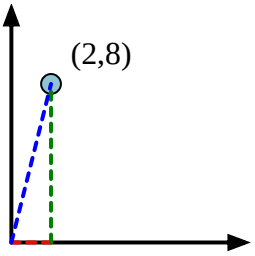
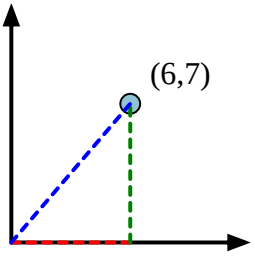


12)



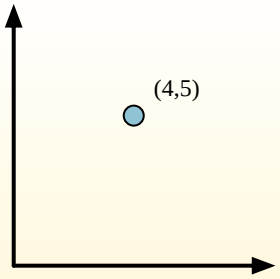
Respuestas

1. **33.69**
2. **69.44**
3. **45.00**
4. **18.43**
5. **63.43**
6. **57.99**
7. **63.43**
8. **75.96**
9. **71.57**
10. **29.74**
11. **75.96**
12. **49.40**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Encontrando el ángulo entre dos puntos Nombre:

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



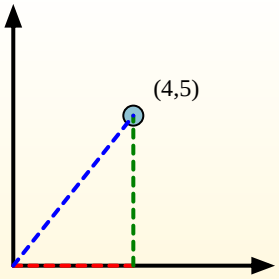
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

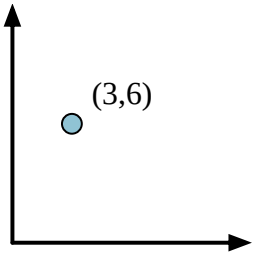
$(5-0)\div(4-0) =$ **1.25**

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

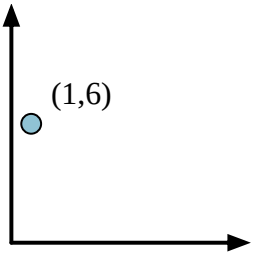
arctan(1.25) = **51.34°**



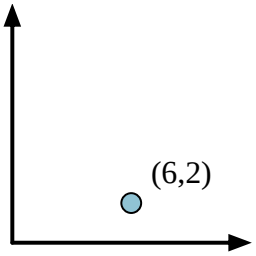
1)



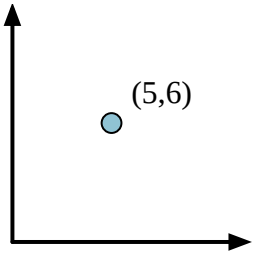
2)



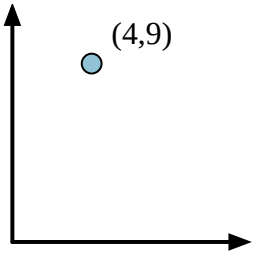
3)



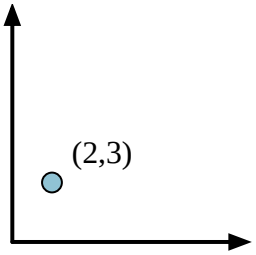
4)



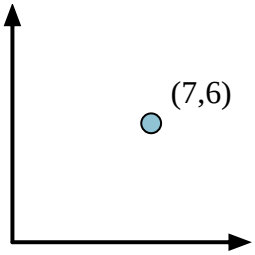
5)



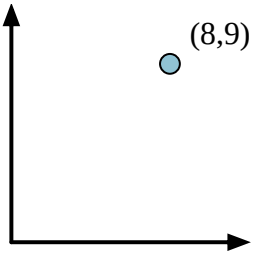
6)



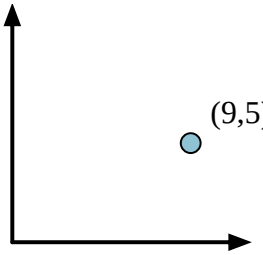
7)



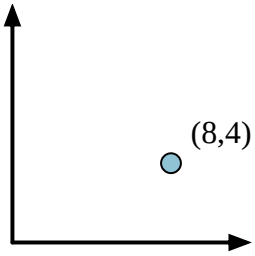
8)



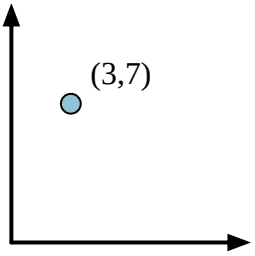
9)



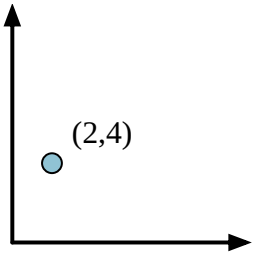
10)



11)



12)

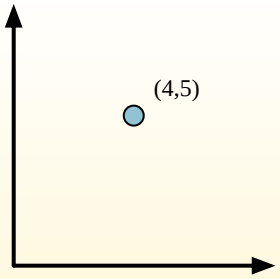


Respuestas

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								

Calcule el ángulo del círculo relativo a (0,0).



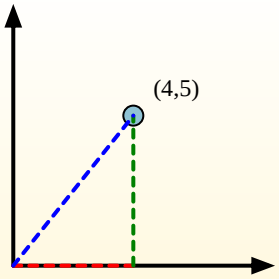
Primero encuentra la pendiente.

$(y_2-y_1)\div(x_2-x_1) = m$

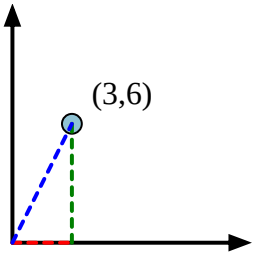
$(5-0)\div(4-0) = \mathbf{1.25}$

Em seguida, encontre o arco da tangente (também conhecido como tangente inversa) da inclinação.

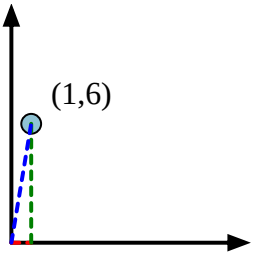
$\arctan(1.25) = \mathbf{51.34°}$



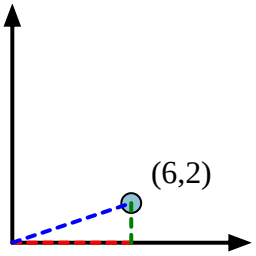
1)



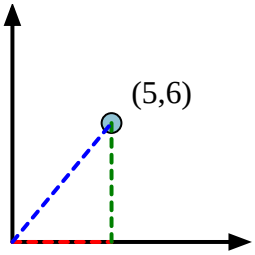
2)



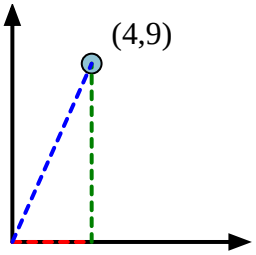
3)



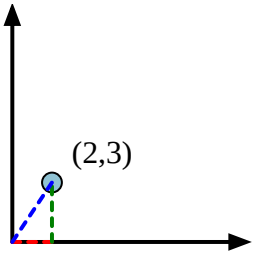
4)



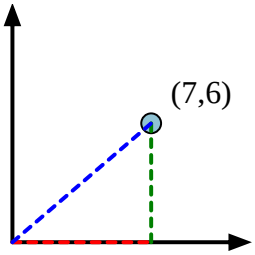
5)



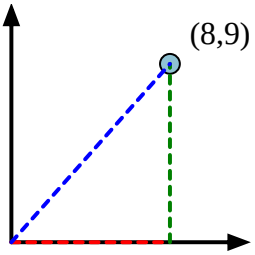
6)



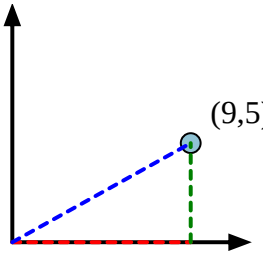
7)



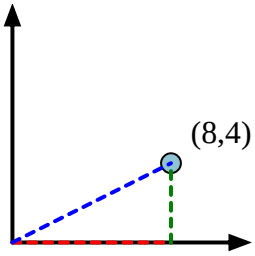
8)



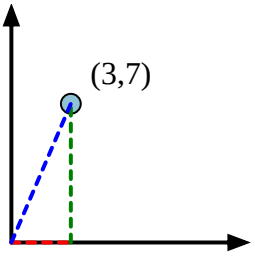
9)



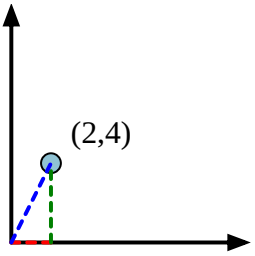
10)



11)



12)



Respuestas

1. **63.43**
2. **80.54**
3. **18.43**
4. **50.19**
5. **66.04**
6. **56.31**
7. **40.60**
8. **48.37**
9. **29.05**
10. **26.57**
11. **66.80**
12. **63.43**

1-10	92	83	75	67	58	50	42	33	25	17
11-12	8	0								